

Reducing the risk of fire for the vulnerable

London Fire Brigade

Chris Callow Head of Policy - Fire Safety London Fire Brigade

chris.callow@london-fire.gov.uk

Tel: 07881 269471



Changing Landscape

Independent Living

Traditional 'Sheltered Housing'

Housing with Care

Extra Care

Care Homes



Nature of fire risk

- Your experience of fires?
- Our experience of fires?
- Statistics?
 - Approx 400 fires, 5 deaths last year
 - Impact on residents, families & business
- Avoidable?



Risk of having a fire

- Unsafe smoking
- Unsafe cooking
- Unsafe heating
- Electrical faults
- Overloaded sockets
- Misuse of candles
- Hoarding











Sheltered Accommodation

- Irene Surrey Coroner's Court May 2014 -
- delay in the monitoring centre passing information to the Fire & Rescue Service.
- delay in the monitoring centre being alerted to the fire due to the fire detection coverage within the flat being limited.



Independent living – hospital release

James: Age 71,

- COPD (lung disorder) and a Heart condition, heavy smoker. Living alone and had been released from hospital 2 days prior to fire, Care package.
- Smoke alarms no monitoring.



Supported Independent Living

Corinna - Age 81, smoker

- fire detection coverage delayed the call to the monitoring centre
- guidance given to Corinna by the call centre staff.
- monitoring centre did not pass critical information on the fire and the location of Corinna to the Fire & Rescue Service.



'Extra care' Sheltered Accommodation

Michael: Age 57, wheelchair, MS, smoker, moved into extra care following concerns over ability to look after himself at home:

- four care visits a day from on site staff, door left unlocked for staff to respond to him, history of LAS attendance for falls.
- scorch marks to clothing, floor and furniture,



Common failings

No awareness or recognition of:

- fire hazards associated with the resident's habits and behaviours
- high likelihood that a fire would start, death or serious injury to the resident or other relevant person in the premises
- appropriate control measures for the risk smoking management, additional smoke detection, automatic suppression systems, fireretardant bedding etc



Fresh Approach

Fire Risk Assessment

Property:

- Structure, Escape routes, Fire Doors
- Fire Alarm
- Emergency plan
- Staff numbers,

training

Residents:

- Individual risk assessments
- Smoking
- Oxygen
- Emollients
- Airflow matresses
- PEEPS & Care Plans



Residents level of Need

1. Propensity to contribute to the starting of fire or to the development of fire.

The potential lifestyle of residents, their decision-making and their physical and mental capacity to contribute to an increased likelihood of fire and/or an increased likelihood of fire development

eg. drug/alcohol use and smoking, hoarding, storage of ignition sources or fuel not typically found in domestic settings, mental health issues

2. Capacity to respond appropriately to signs of fire.

May be physically capable of evacuating unaided <u>but</u> learning difficulties, dementia and other mental health issues

Individuals might not respond appropriately to signs of fire such as the sound of a fire alarm, the smell of smoke, or even a visible fire.

3. Ability to escape in the event of fire.

The physical ability of residents to evacuate in case of fire



Person Risk Assessment

London Fire Brigade Fire Safety Regulation **Residents Fire Safety Assessment Checklist** To be used in conjunction with London Fire Brigade Home Fire Safety Risk Referral Matrix Full Address Date Resident Name Name of Assessor Details of any existing Nosigns of burn marks on carpets Discarded digarettes and matches. A few burn marks found on carpets Multiple burn marks found on carpet Ciga rette burns to clothes or furnishings. Social drinker Significant drinker but Daily heavy drinker but a non-smoker Significant drinker and a smoker Daily heavy drinker and a smoker Restricted (narrow) routes i How rd ing (Access) Restricted idifficult to pess Hoe rding Clutter up to head

Situation	Risk Score	Further details of current situation	Details of any existing Control Measures	Additional actions required	Risk Score
With some controls in place	1				
No or limited controls in place	2				
Previous tire	5				
Previous tires	10				
Previous near miss	1				
Previous near misses	8				
Rely on mobility aids/history of falls	1				
Bed bound	4				
Ceire less cooking practices	2				
With controls in place	1				
No controls in place	2				
	1				
Use bottled oxygen/ units	2				
eg.visitors smoking/ drinking/Unsate use of candles/	1-8				
Overloaded electrical extension leads or sockets with multiple adaptors or poor quality/damaged wiring	1-3				
	With some controls in place No or limited controls in place Previous fire Previous fires Previous mean miss Previous mean miss Previous mean misses Rely on mobility aids/history of fails Bed bound Caneless cooking practices With controls in place No controls in place Like bottled daygen / units units and aids or some controls in place Over included electrical extension leads or societs with multiple add ptors or poor costifty in migred	With some controls in place With some controls in place No or limited controls in place Previous fire Previous fire 10 Previous mear miss 1 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 3 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 2 With control in place 1 Use bottled divigen / units 1 Use bottled divigen / 2 di mining/ursels use of candles/ or miss 1 Use bottled divigen / 2 di mining/ursels use of candles/ or miss 1 Diveribaded electrical extersion leads or societs with multiple stig place or poor quality/ils meged	Situation Some controls in place With some controls in place I have relimited controls in place Previous fire 5 Previous fires 10 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 3 Previous near miss 3 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 3 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 3 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 3 Previous near miss 3 Previous near miss 4 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 2 Previous near miss 3 Previous near miss 4 Previous near miss 4 Previous near miss 4 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 1 Previous near miss 3 Previous near miss 4 Previous near miss	With some controls in place Previous fires Previous fires 10 Previous fires 11 Previous mean misses 11 Previous mean misses 12 Previous fires 13 Previous fires 14 Convests cooking practices With controls in place 1 No controls in place 1 Use bottled onygen/ units 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Situation Score Control Measures School Control Measur

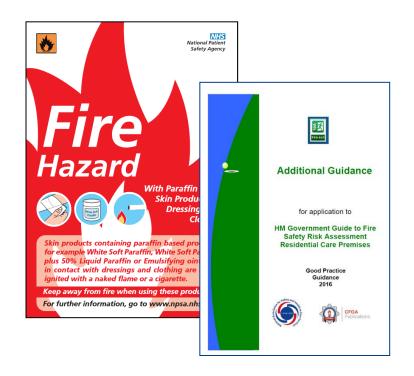
Risk Levels	Rating	Action (this list is not exhaustive)		
0	No Risk	No further action required		
1-8	Low	Provide general fire safety advice		
9 - 13	Medium	In addition to the actions a bove Provide fire safety information leaflets (available from the H&S team) Encourage the booking of a free home fire safety visit by the LFB Wapplicable contact care provider/ social services/family		
14-46 High		In addition to the actions above Forward this form to the appropriate internal department To be discussed with LFB at scheduled review meetings Department to complete individual fire its assessment for resident Where applicable put this assessment in the fire red box		

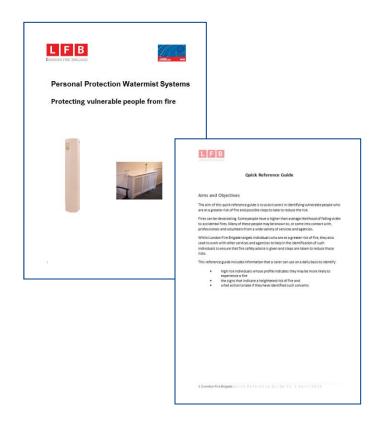
Prevention Through Risk Assessment:

Appendix 2 - Checklist for auditing Sheltered Housing Check content of Fire Risk Assessment. It should: ☐ Confirm that the fire safety strategy and ev the way the building is designed, furnishe of dependency of the residents. □ Confirm that a survey has been carried out separation and compartmentation is appro Appendix 5 - Checklist for smoking risks roof spaces should also be considered. Identify that flat front doors have been su Smoking is allowed in a care home in 'designated' Identify and review any provided smoke v completely enclosed, does not have a ventilation s Identify and review any furniture and soft must have a self-closing door Confirm that reports by residents of the di Residents should not be permitted to smoke in bed other flats indicating compartment issues bedroom is suitably equipped. ☐ Review use of Mobility scooters – storage Fire Risk Assessments must: □ Take account of residents who wish to smoke □ Recognise that vulnerability and behavior confined to bed and cannot access designated considered to be the main risk of fire in sh more vulnerable □ Identify hazards – Ignition sources (lighters, m soft furnishings, laundry, paper products, slee Detail persons especially at risk. This includes airflow, cylinders, airflow mattresses) hazard or risk attributed to a resident (e.g. Health Equipment physical disability, hoarding, etc) should a Assess the level of risk from smoking – the like consequences. and Fire Risk □ Identify and recommend provision of addi fire risk to relevant persons as listed above □ Identify source of information on risk – care pla that smoke, premises fire risk assessment (the Check fire strategy and evacuation arrangen the individual smoking risk assessment) □ Confirm that protection of escape routes, ☐ Reference individual smoking risk assessment for fire strategy through sampling and vis person, carried out with resident/family involv resisting and effectively self-closing. smoking unaided, considerrisk to other reside management arrangements such as supervisio ☐ Identify competent and trained persons response the RA. Reducing risks: ☐ Is there evidence of burn marks on the floor, b ☐ Is smoking monitored/controlled at night?



Other Resources







National Guidance being drafted!







In Summary

- To improve Prevention and Protection from fire for the vulnerable person.
 - fire risk assessments, individual risk assessments and care planning



Chris Callow Head of Policy - Fire Safety London Fire Brigade

chris.callow@london-fire.gov.uk

Tel: 07881 269471

